Multidimensional poverty
– from Margins to Mainstream

Introduction to Sida’s conceptual framework
“End poverty in all its forms everywhere.”

“Leave no one behind!”

Agenda 2030: Pushes us to improve
“To contribute to an equitable and sustainable global development.”

“To create opportunities for people living in poverty and under oppression to improve their living conditions.”

“We strive to lead the change that eradicates poverty.”
Poor Peoples’ Perspectives

*The rights, needs, preconditions, and priorities of people living in poverty shall be the starting point for Swedish development cooperation*
Sida’s definition:
A person living in poverty is resource-poor and poor in one or several of the other dimensions.
- Access to productive employment
- Access to education
- Access to health care
- Access to clean water and sanitation
- Access to infrastructure (roads, electricity, ICT etc.)

- Respect for human rights
- Formal and informal discrimination
- Access to formal and informal power
- Access to decision-making forums in private and public spheres
- Control of the agenda for decision-making

- Income levels
- Capital
- Remittances
- Land
- Livestock
- Natural resources
- Education Levels
- Health status
- Nutrition
- Social capital

- Physical, sexual and psychological safety and violence
- Vulnerabilities to tensions, conflict and violence
- Governance
- Formal institutions
- Rule of law
- Human rights
- Informal institutions
- Social norms
- Culture
- Power structures

- Macro economy
- Fiscal policy
- Market development
- Labour market
- Structure of the economy
- Education system
- Health system
- Demographic development

- Social cohesion, trust, mechanisms for conflict resolution, justice and arms control
- Violence, tensions, grievances
- Internal and external security situation

- Climate change
- Biodiversity
- Ecosystem
- Pollution
- Water
- Use of natural resources
- Vulnerability to environment risks and degradations
THANK YOU!