Multidimensional Poverty Indicator: Political and technical elements, use and link to the 2030 Agenda in Mexico

Gonzalo Hernández Licona
Multidimensional poverty measurement in Mexico: From a legal mandate to use

Constitutional mandate: Importance of Social Rights

Constitutional mandate: Independent Institution to measure poverty: CONEVAL

Multidimensional poverty measurement: Basic access to social rights and income

Coordination of public policy to tackle extreme poverty: Ministries; federal and local governments

Public policy is visible with this approach

National, State and Municipality level
Multidimensional Poverty in Mexico

- Education
- Health
- Social Security
- Quality Housing
- Basic services
- Food access
• It’s a mandate by Congress, not from an specific government

• It’s a political and technical agreement (national and international experts –OPHI- government, Congress, National Statistical Office)

• It’s a tool for monitoring public policy and for accountability (independent institution measuring poverty)

• Public policy links better to poverty, than the income approach

• Each ministry is responsible for each dimension

• Local governments are measured: political pressure to reduce poverty

• MPI helps co-ordination between ministries and local governments

• Link to SDGs
MÉXICO

2030 AGENDA

PRIORIDADES DE DESARROLLO

Mexican Constitution

Social Development Law

Multidimensional poverty

Effective Access to Social Rights

End of Poverty

Quality Education

Clear Water and Sanitation

No Hunger

Good Health

Good Jobs

Reduced Inequalities

Education

Health

Food

Housing

Social Security

Income